

# CompSci 6

## Introduction to Computer Science

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## Recursion

- Method calls a clone of itself
- Solves a problem by solving smaller subproblems
- “looping” by recursive calls
  - CAUTION – don’t add a loop, it is implicit

## Announcements

- For next time, work old test questions
- No Reading Quiz
- Apt-05 due Tuesday
  - One apt MedalTable – use a dictionary

## Examples: recursionMisc.py

- Calculates and prints the sum of integers from a list that are even
- Print the numbers one per line
- Mystery recursion

## Recursion (more)

- Watch out for infinite recursion
  - No way out, what happens?
  - Segmentation fault, out of memory
- Rules
  - Base case (way out) – no recursive call
  - Recursive call(s) – solve a smaller problem

## Recursion vs Iteration Which method do you use?

- Iteration
  - Easier to define
  - Faster – recursion takes some overhead
- Recursion
  - Easier to define
  - Shorter code

## Types of Recursion

- Tail recursion
  - One recursive call at the end of a method
  - Easy to replace with a loop
- Reverse something
  - One recursive call “before” process
- Multiple Recursion
  - More than one recursive call

## Other Examples of Recursion

- randomSentences.py
- FileVisit.py