CompSci 4 Chap 5 Sec 1 and 2 Oct 8, 2013

Prof. Susan Rodger



Announcements

- Read Chapter 6 Tips and Techniques for next class
- Reading quiz due next time
- New groups today
- Assignment 5 out
 - Part 1 due Tues. Oct 22 and Part 2 due Oct 24
- Today
 - Interactive programming, event handlers
 - Create billboards

Control of Flow

- Control of flow how the sequence of actions in a program is controlled
 - What action happens first, second, third,
- In movie-style programs (Chaps 1-4) the sequence of actions is determined by the programmer
 - Creating a storyboard design
 - Writing program methods to carry out the designed sequence

Interactive Animations

- In interactive programs, the sequence of actions is determined at runtime, when the user provides **input**
 - Clicks the mouse
 - Presses a key on the keyboard
 - Other sources of input are possible
- Interactive games
 - Each time the program runs, user input may cause a different sequence of actions

Event Handlers

- An event may
 - Trigger a response, or
 - Move objects into positions that create some condition (e.g. a collision) that triggers a response
- An event handler is a *method* that is called to carry out the response.
- When an event is linked to an event handler, a **behavior** is created.
- How does this effect your program?
 - Input from the user (events)
 - How objects respond to events (event handler)

Example 1

• Build an air show flight simulator. The pilot (user) uses the biplane controls to perform acrobatic stunts.





• Problem: How do we write program code to provide a guidance system that allows the user to be the pilot?

Solution

- Use keyboard input
 - "F" key to move the biplane forward
 - Spacebar to make the biplane do a barrel roll
 - Note: other keys could be chosen
- Write event handler methods that respond to each key press
- Storyboards (next slide) and DEMO
- NOTE Event storyboards are different!

Event Storyboards

• Since two keys are used, two events are possible – so two storyboard scenes



Event: Spacebar press

Response: Do together roll biplane a full revolution play biplane engine sound



Event: F-key press

Response: Do together move biplane forward play biplane engine sound

- Each storyboard outlines an event handler
 - Responds to a particular event

biplane.flyForward

bij	olane.flyForwa	ard No	parameters				
No	variables						
	// simple hor	izontal	move forw	vard 🗁			
	biplane –	move	forward –	2 meters -	duration = 2.4 seconds -	<i>style</i> = abruptly —	more
	biplane –	play s	ound biplan	e.biPlaneSho	ort (0:02.324) – more 🕅		

- Do not modify the length of the sound - use "as is"
 - Coordinate duration of man
- Coordinate duration of *move* and *play sound*
 - Match duration of move to duration of sound $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$

Events Editor - Linking

- Each event handler method must be linked to an event
- 1) Select "create new event" Then choose the type of event



2) A template linking is created

When any key 🔽 is typed, do Nothing 🔽

Events Editor – Linking (cont)

4) Select event handler method

3) Select type of key for event



More Functionality

vents	create ne	ew event				
Whe	n F –	is typed,do	biplane.flyForward	₹		
Whe	nen Space – is typed, do biplane.barrel –					
Whe	n 主 =	is typed,do	biplane.flyDirection	direction = up 🤝 -		
Whe	n 💵 🖘	is typed,do	biplane.flyDirection	<i>direction =</i> down ¬		
Whe	n 庄 –	is typed,do	biplane.flyDirection	direction = left ≂		
Whe	n 🕞 🗸	is typed , do	biplane.flyDirection	direction = right 🕾		

Add a Billboard with Instructions

• Add an event "I" to make the instructions hide or show (create with paint, powerpoint or some tool and save as an image)



To drop in a Billboard



Mouse Clicks

- Interactive programs allow user to mouse click an object
 - Buttons in an interface
 - Targets in a game
 - Checklist of items on a form
- Will see how to pass information about a mouse clicked object to an event handler

Example 2

- Burning Building
- People are trapped in a burning building
- Select which person will be rescued
- See firetruck.savePerson



Storyboard

- Three people are to be rescued
- Could write 3 different methods

Event: click on guy1

Responding Method: Save guy on first floor Event: click on girl2

Responding Method: Save girl on second floor

Event: click on girl3

Responding Method: Save girl on third floor

A Better Solution

- Write one event handler
- Send in information needed for action

firetruck.savePerson:

parameters: whichFloor, whichPerson, howFar Do in order point ladder at whichFloor extend ladder howFar meters whichPerson slides down ladder to fire truck pull ladder back howFar meters

What type are the parameters?

Three Events

• The argument sent to parameters depends on which person is mouse clicked

When // is clicked on randomGirl3 , do firetruck.savePerson whichFloor = burningBuilding.thirdFloor whichPerson = randomGirl3 how When // is clicked on randomGirl2 , do firetruck.savePerson whichFloor = burningBuilding.secondFloor whichPerson = randomGirl2 /	u/Eor = 3 ==
do firetruck.savePerson whichFloor = burningBuilding.thirdFloor = whichPerson = randomGirl3 = how When is clicked on randomGirl2 = , do firetruck.savePerson whichFloor = burningBuilding.secondFloor = whichPerson = randomGirl2 = ////////////////////////////////////	uter - 3 -
When is clicked on randomGirl2 , do firetruck.savePerson whichPerson = randomGirl2	wrar - J
do firetruck.savePerson whichFloor = burningBuilding.secondFloor = whichPerson = randomGirl2 = /	
	howFar = 2 👘
When 🧀 is clicked on randomGuy1 🗸 ,	

• Note - we positioned fire truck so distance from floor X is X meters (to floor 3 is 3 meters)

Classwork today

- Create 2 worlds (or can combine them in one)
 - Penguins sliding down the hill into the pond.
 - Hockey hitting puck at different speeds(can use any person)
 - Include instructions in both...(make billboard)



