

# CompSci 101

## Introduction to Computer Science

|   |          |
|---|----------|
| 0 | 'Susan'  |
| 1 | 'Jackie' |
| 2 | 'Mary'   |
| 3 | 'Eric'   |
| 4 | 'Jack'   |

|   |   |
|---|---|
| 0 | [ ' <u>Smith</u> ', ' <u>Brandt</u> ', ' <u>Rodger</u> ', ' <u>Crackers</u> ' ] |
| 1 | [ 'Long', 'Johnson' ]   |
| 2 | [ 'White', 'Rodger', ' <u>Velios</u> ' ]  |
| 3 | [ 'Long', 'Lund' ]  |
| 4 | [ 'Frost' ]   |

October 23, 2014

Prof. Rodger

# Events of Interest coming up

- ACM International Programming Contest
  - Sat. Nov. 1 – looking for volunteers to help
  - Top 3 teams – go to finals in Morocco
- Hacking and Hackathons Demystified – Ladies in Tech Unite
  - Thursday, Oct 23, Allen Bldg (TONIGHT)  
6:30pm
- HackDuke.com - Hackathon Nov. 15-16

# Announcements

- Reading for next time TBA
  - RQ 12 to be posted
- Hangman due next Thursday
- APT 6 is due on Tuesday
- Finish lecture notes from last time

# Problem: Longest Name

[www.bit.ly/101fall14-1023-01](http://www.bit.ly/101fall14-1023-01)

Given a **list of names** (one word only) and a **letter** (assume names start with capital letter, and letter is capital)

names = ['Helen', 'Bob', 'Bart', 'Hugh']

1) Find the **longest name** that **starts with** that letter

2) Find the **position** of the longest name that starts with that letter

See longestName.py, DO NOT use enumerate

# Enumerate

- An iterator, generates a sequence
- Generates **tuples** of (index, item)
- Used with **for** loop to get both **index** and **item**
- for (index,item) in somelist:
  - You get both at the same time!
- Redo find position of longest name with iterator

# Problem: Popular Name

- Given a list of names, determine the **most popular first name** and print that name with all of its last names.
- Input: Names are always two words, names are in a file. If multiple names are on the same line they are separated by a “:”
- Output: Most popular first name, followed by a “:”, followed by corresponding last names separated by a blank

# Example Input File with 5 lines

Susan Smith:Jackie Long:Mary White

Susan Brandt

Jackie Johnson:Susan Rodger:Mary Rodger

Eric Long:Susan Crackers:Mary Velios

Jack Frost:Eric Lund

## Corresponding Output

Susan: Smith Brandt Rodger Crackers

# One way to solve

- Create a list of unique first names
- Create a list of lists of last names that are associated with each first name

# Example – two lists

Unique  
First names

|   |          |
|---|----------|
| 0 | 'Susan'  |
| 1 | 'Jackie' |
| 2 | 'Mary'   |
| 3 | 'Eric'   |
| 4 | 'Jack'   |

Corresponding Last names

|   |   |
|---|---|
| 0 | [ 'Smith', 'Brandt', 'Rodger', 'Crackers' ] |
| 1 | [ 'Long', 'Johnson' ]                       |
| 2 | [ 'White', 'Rodger', 'Velios' ]             |
| 3 | [ 'Long', 'Lund' ]                          |
| 4 | [ 'Frost' ]                                 |

# Now can we solve the problem?

- Compute those two lists that are associated with each other
  - List of unique first names
  - List of corresponding last names
- Compute the max list of last names
- Now easy to print the answer.
- See `popular.py`

# Expanding the Problem

- Suppose we want to read from multiple data files

names1.txt, names2.txt, names3.txt

See popular.py