Plan for TBT

- Review APTs
 - > Sorting with itemgetter
 - > Nested Loops
- Review Recommender Assignment
 - > How do you get recommendations
 - Based on Yelp, Amazon, Netflix,
 - > What is collaborative filtering
 - > How to get assignment done

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23.1

23.3

How do we store/use tabular data?

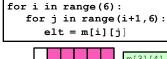
- How can you consider all pairs, e.g., PositiveID?
 - > Do suspects 2 and 5 share same characteristics as 5 and 2?
 - Which loop on previous slide captures this?
- What is a matrix?
 - > Table of numbers? Entries? Two-Dimensional, m X n
 - > Many arithmetic operations available
 - > Convenient for representing correlated data
- In Python what is a list of lists?
 - > Other languages have arrays, matrixes, ...

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Patterns in some APTs

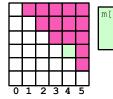
- PositiveID and FriendScore APT (challenge)
 - > Nested loops, look at everything: look at pairs
 - ➤ While True: ... break

```
for i in range(4):
    for j in range(6):
        elt = m[i][j]
```









m[3][4]

23.2

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Sorting review

- Using operator.itemgetter:
 - > Why use reverse=True?
- What does a stable sort get us?
 - > Sort by tie-breaking criteria first, then resort

```
sorted([tup,key=operator.itemgetter(1)])
sorted([tup,key=operator.itemgetter(1,0)])
```

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Questions

http://bit.ly/101fall15-nov24-1

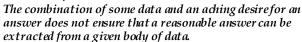
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23.5

John Tukey: 1915-2000

- Cooley-Tukey FFT
- Bit: Binary Digit
- Box-plot
- "software" used in print

Far better an approximate answer to the right question, which is often vague, than an exact answer to the wrong question, which can always be made precise.



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Math, Engineering, Sociology

- Netflix prize in 2009
 - > Beat the system, win
 - ▶ http://nyti.ms/sPvR







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23.7

Collaborative Filtering

- How does Amazon know what I want?
 - > Lots of customers, lots of purchases
- How does Pandora know music like Kanye's?
 - > This isn't really collaborative filtering, more content-based
- How doe Netflix recommend movies?
 - > Why did they offer one million \$\$ to better their method?
- Students at Duke who like Compsci also like ...
 - ➤ Could this system be built?

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23.8

From User Rating to Recommendations











| Spectre | Martian | Southpaw | Everest | PitchPerfect 2 |
|---------|---------|----------|---------|----------------|
| 3 | -3 | 5 | -2 | -3 |
| 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 |
| 4 | 4 | -2 | 1 | -1 |

- What should I choose to see?
 - > What does this depend on?
- Who is most like me?
 - > How do we figure this out

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23.9

Data For Recommender

- Users/Raters rate Items
 - > We need to know the items
 - > We need to know how users rate each item
- Which eatery has highest average rating?
 - > Conceptually: average columns in table
 - > How is data provided in this assignment?

| | ABP | BlueEx | McDon | Loop | Panda | Nasher |
|-------|-----|--------|-------|------|-------|--------|
| Sam | 0 | 3 | 5 | 0 | -3 | 5 |
| Chris | 1 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 0 | -3 |
| Nat | -3 | 3 | 3 | 5 | 1 | -1 |

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Data For Recommender

- Items are provided in a list of strings
 - > Parsing data provides this list
- Ratings provided in dictionary
 - ▶ Key is user ID
 - > Value is list of integer ratings

| | ABP | BlueEx | McDon | Loop | Panda | Nasher |
|-------|-----|--------|-------|------|-------|--------|
| Sam | 0 | 3 | 5 | 0 | -3 | 5 |
| Chris | 1 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 0 | -3 |
| Nat | -3 | 3 | 3 | 5 | 1 | -1 |

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23.11

Data For Recommender

- Given Parameters
 - > items: a list of strings
 - > ratings: dictionary of ID to ratings list
- Can you write
 - > getAverage("ABP", items, ratings)

| | ABP | BlueEx | McDon | Loop | Panda | Nasher |
|-------|-----|--------|-------|------|-------|--------|
| Sam | 0 | 3 | 5 | 0 | -3 | 5 |
| Chris | 1 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 0 | -3 |
| Nat | -3 | 3 | 3 | 5 | 1 | -1 |

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Drawbacks of Item Averaging

- Are all ratings the same to me?
 - Shouldn't I value ratings of people "near" me as more meaningful than those "far" from me?
- Collaborative Filtering
 - https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Collaborative_filtering
 - > How do we determine who is "near" me?
- Mathematically: treat ratings as vectors in an N-dimensional space, N = # ratings
 - Informally: assign numbers, higher the number, closer to me

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23.13

Collaborative Filtering: Recommender

- First determine closeness of all users to me:
 - > "Me" is a user-ID, parameter to function
 - > Return list of (ID, closeness-#) tuples, sorted
- Use just the ratings of person closest to me
 - ➤ Is this a good idea?
 - ▶ What about the 10 closet people to me?
- What about weighting ratings
 - > Closer to me, more weight given to rating

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Collaborative Filtering

- For Chris: 12 * [1,1,0,3,0,-3] =
 - > [12,12,0,36,0,-36]
- For Sam: [0,75,125,0,-75,125]

| | ABP | BlueEx | McDon | Loop | Panda | Nasher | |
|--------------------|-----|--------|-------|------|-------|--------|--|
| Sam | 0 | 3 | 5 | 0 | -3 | 5 | |
| Chris | 1 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 0 | -3 | |
| Nat | -3 | 3 | 3 | 5 | 1 | -1 | |
| Chris:12 Nat:37 | | | | | | | |

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23.15

Adding lists of numbers

[12, 12, 0, 36, 0, -36]

[0, 75, 125, 0,-75,125]

[35, 25, -25, 15, 0, 50]

[47, 112,100, 51,-75,139]

- Adding columns in lists of numbers
 - ➤ Using indexes 0, 1, 2, ... sum elements of list
 - > sum([val[i] for val in d.values()])

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Processing Data for Recommender

- Data comes in many formats, but all formats must produce:
 - > List of items being rated
 - > Dictionary of raterID/names to list of ratings
- Read/Parse data files: create list, dictionary
 - > Return JSON strings, create list/dict from these

```
[ABP,Blue Express,Washington Duke]
```

```
{Chris: [1,1,0,3,0,-3],
Nat: [-3,3,3,5,1,-1] }
```

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23.17

• All Reader modules return a tuple of strings: item list and ratings dictionary

Reader modules: Food Format

Provided!

Nasher Cafe
ABP
WaDuke
Loop
Panda
Penn Pavilion
McDonalds
Blue Express
student1001,3,3,-3,5,3,1,0,0
student1002,0,1,5,-3,1,0,5,-3
student1003,5,-3,3,0,3,0,3,-3
student1004,0,1,0,0,1,0,5,0

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23.19

JSON format

- Using the json library
 - > json.dumps(structure) creates a string st
 - > json.loads(st) recreates the structure
- Allows transmission of structured data over the Internet, for example
 - > Standard, JavaScript Object Notation (JSON)
 - > Python dictionaries are in JSON format!

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23.18

Reader modules: Book Format

- All Reader modules return a tuple of strings: item list and ratings dictionary
 - > Alternate form of data, all information on line line of comma-separated values

```
student1001,Nasher,3,ABP,3,WaDuke,-3,Loop,5
student1002,Nasher,0,ABP,1,WaDuke,5,Loop,-3
```

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Reader modules: Movie Format

- All Reader modules return a tuple of strings: item list and ratings dictionary
 - > Alternate form of data, each rating on one line, lines intermixed, no zeros stored
 - ➤ Advantages? Disadvantages?

```
student1001, Nasher, 3,
student1002, ABP, 1
student1001, ABP, 3,
student1002, WaDuke, 5
```

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