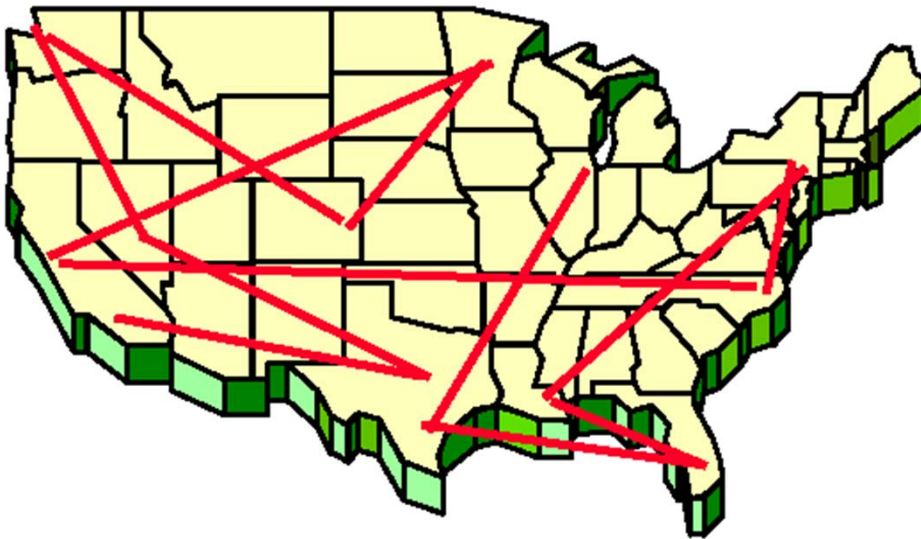


CompSci 101

Introduction to Computer Science



Dec 7, 2017

Prof. Rodger

Announcements

- Last Day of class!
- Assign 9 by Monday, none accepted after that
- Assign 8, late by Friday, Dec 8!
- APT 8 due tonight, late by Sunday
- Form for taking Final exam another time
 - accommodations?

More Announcements

- Regrade for Exam 2 – submit by today
- Last Consulting Hours tonight
- Prof. Rodger extra office hours this week
 - Today 4:45-5:45pm, Friday 2:30-4:30pm
- *Review Session* Tues, Dec 12
 - LSRC B101, 4pm-5:30pm
- Concern form on forms page
- Today:
 - Sorting, Wrapping up, Beyond CompSci 101
 - The Final exam

Calculate Your Grade

- From “About” tab on course web page

Labs	5%
Reading Quizzes	5%
Lecture Group work	5%
Apts	12%
Programming Assignments	12%
APT Quizzes	6%
Two Midterm Exams	30%
final exam	25%

More on Grades

- Lecture – ignore the first two weeks (drop/add period), plus drop 4 points
- Reading Quizzes – will drop 30 points
 - Check your grades to make sure they copied over – fill out duke oit help form if they are wrong
- Lab – drop 6 points (each lab is 4 pts)
 - 44 pts total– 38 pts is 100%
 - Lab 11 covers two new topics!

Final Exam

- Sec 01– Thurs, Dec 14, 9am, **LSRC B101**
- Sec 02 – Sat, Dec 16, 2pm, **LSRC B101**
- Closed Book, Closed Notes, Closed neighbor
- Python Reference Sheet
- Covers all topics through today
- Best way to study is practice writing code!
- See old tests (no old final exams)

Final Exam (cont)

- Test format
 - Multiple choice
 - Writing code – similar to exam 2
- Topics include:
 - if, loops, lists, sets, dictionaries, files, functions, sorting, etc
 - recursion, regular expressions – reading level only

Time for Duke Course Eval and Seven Steps

1. Please fill out Duke Course Eval on DukeHub now
 1. Only 17% have filled it in as of last night
2. Anonymous feedback on the Seven Steps Announcement on Sakai and I emailed you

Review - Selection Sort

- Sort a list of numbers.
- Idea:
 - Repeat til sorted
 - Find the smallest element in part of list not sorted
 - Put it where it belongs in sorted order.
 - Swap it with the element where it should be
- Sort example

<i>Sorted, won't move final position</i>	???
--	-----

Selection Sort – red area sorted

9 5 4 **1** 3 6 - find smallest, swap



1 5 4 9 3 6 - end of 1st pass

1 5 4 9 **3** 6 - find smallest, swap



1 **3** 4 9 5 6 - end of 2nd pass

1 **3** **4** 9 5 6 - find smallest, swap

Selection Sort (cont.)

1 3 4 | 9 5 6 - end of 3rd pass

1 3 4 | 9 5 6 - find smallest, swap

1 3 4 5 | 9 6 - end of 4th pass

1 3 4 5 | 9 6 - find smallest, swap

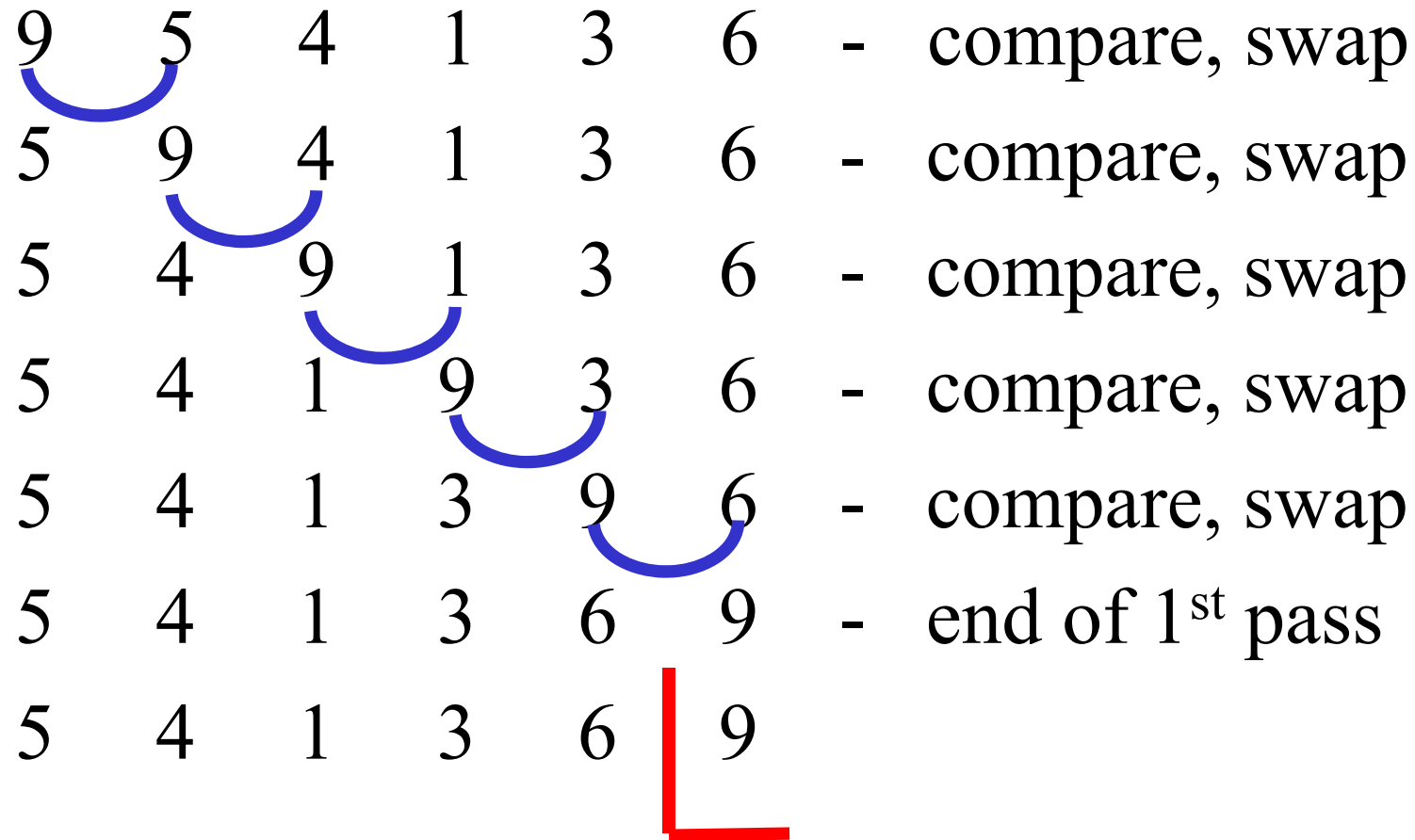
1 3 4 5 6 | 9 - end of 5th pass, done

Review Bubble Sort

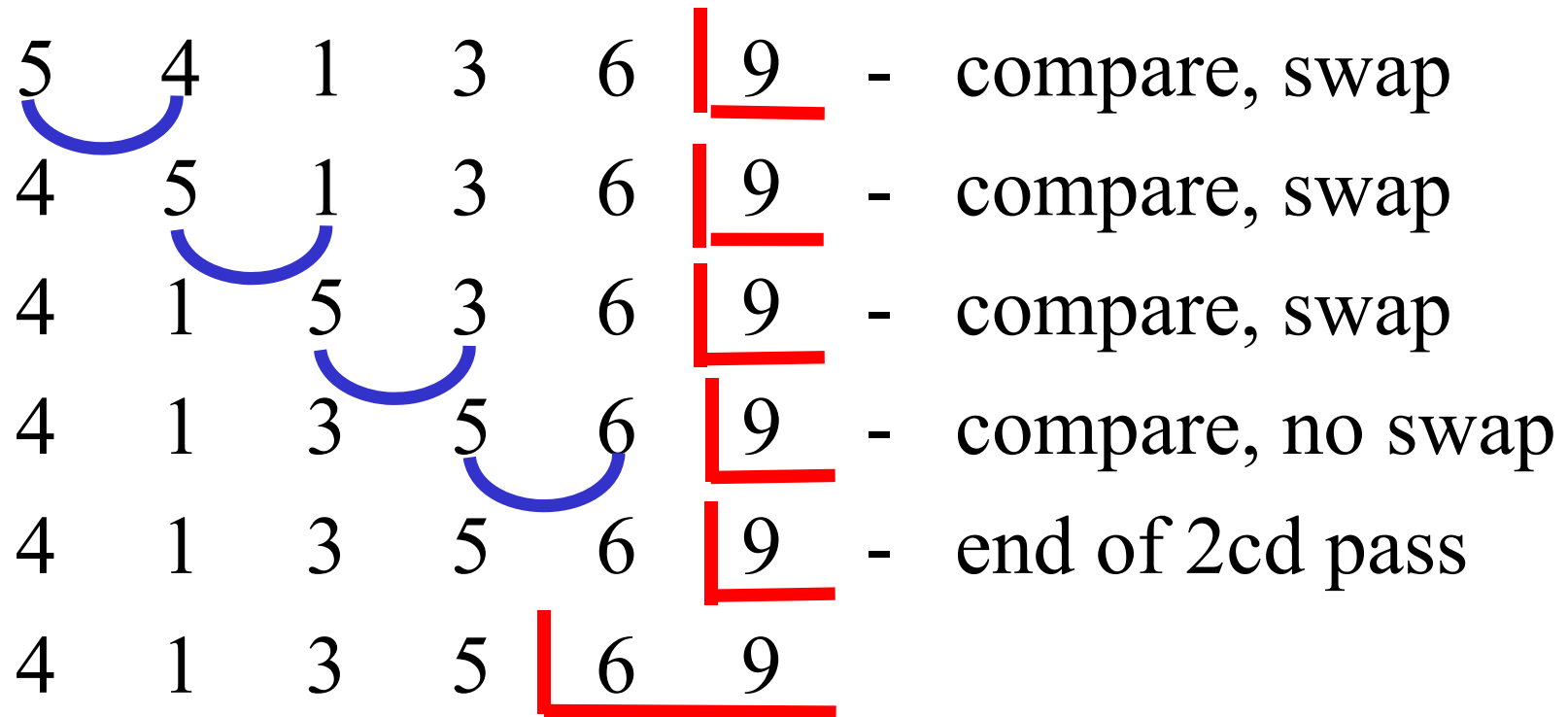
- Sort a list of numbers.
- Idea:
 - Repeat til sorted
 - Compare all adjacent pairs, one at a time. If out of order then swap them
- Sort example

???	<i>Sorted, won't move final position</i>
-----	--

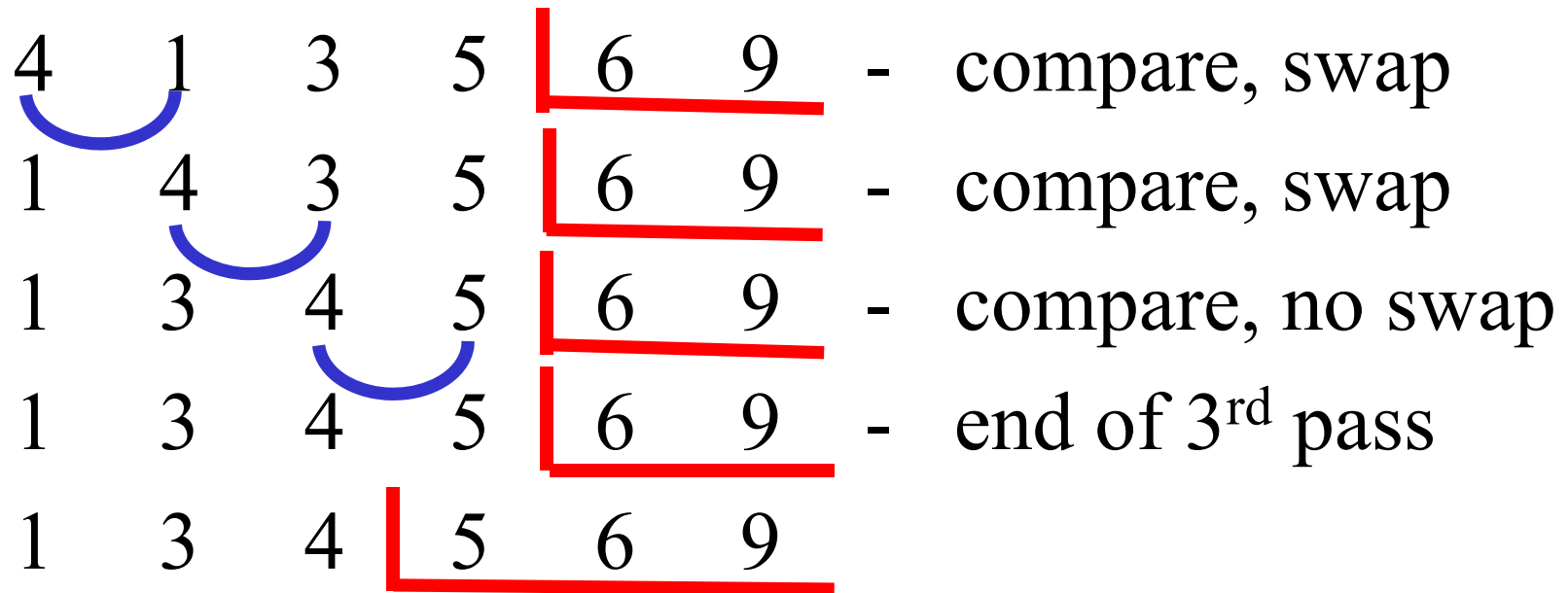
Bubble Sort – red area sorted



Bubble Sort – red area sorted



Bubble Sort – red area sorted



Two more passes would guarantee sorted.

Or Check if sorted and skip last two passes

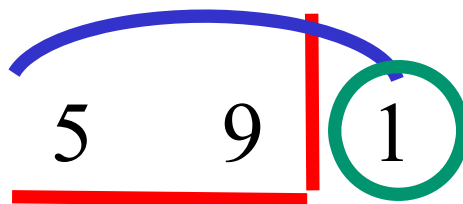
Insertion Sort

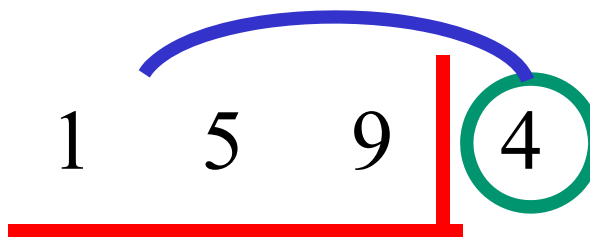
- Sort a list of numbers.
- Idea:
 - Sort by repeated inserting another element
 - Leftmost element is sorted part of list
 - Insert another element in that sublist keeping it sorted
 - Insert another element in that sublist keeping it sorted
 - Etc.
- Sort example

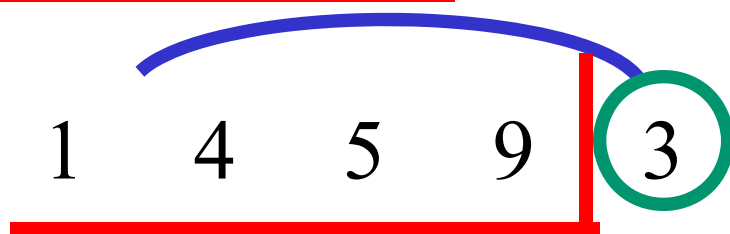
<i>Sorted relative to each other</i>	???
--	-----

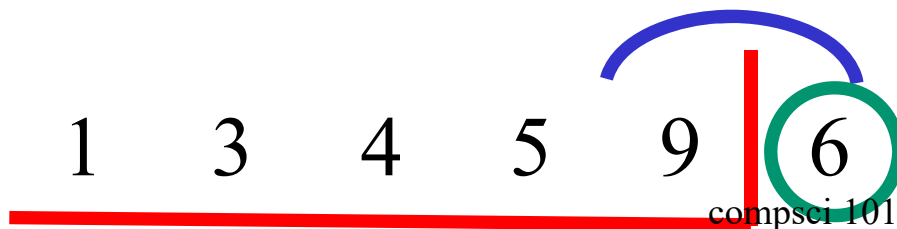
Insertion Sort – red area sorted

 9 5 1 4 3 6 - insert 5

 5 9 1 4 3 6 - 1st pass, now insert 1

 1 5 9 4 3 6 - 2nd pass, now insert 4

 1 4 5 9 3 6 - 3rd pass, now insert 3

 1 3 4 5 9 6 - 4th pass, now insert 6

Insertion Sort – red area sorted

1 3 4 5 6 9 | - 5th pass



Insertion Sort

bit.ly/101f17-1207-1

- Sort the list of numbers using InsertionSort.
- The body of the loop is one pass.
- Show the elements after each pass.
- [6, 4, 9, 7, 1, 3]

Merge Sort

- Idea: Divide and Conquer
- Divide list into two halves
- Sort both halves (smaller problem)
- Merge the two sorted halves

9 5 1 4 3 6 2 7

What does recursively sort mean?

Merge Sort

- Use the same Merge Sort algorithm
 - Divide list into two halves
 - Sort both halves (smaller problem)
 - Merge the two sorted halves

9 5 1 4

MergeSort idea for code

```
def mergesort(data)
    n = len(data)
    if n == 1:
        return data
    else:
        d1 = mergesort(data[:n/2])
        d2 = mergesort(data[n/2:])
        return merge(d1, d2)
```

bit.ly/101f17-1207-2

Question 1

Which sort is this?

4 10 5 3 8 2

4 10 5 3 8 2

4 5 10 3 8 2

3 4 5 10 8 2

3 4 5 8 10 2

2 3 4 5 8 10

Question 2

Which sort is this?

4 10 5 3 8 2

4 2 5 3 8 10

4 2 5 3 8 10

4 2 3 5 8 10

3 2 4 5 8 10

2 3 4 5 8 10

Timingsorts.py, what sort to call?

- Simple to understand, hard to do fast and at-scale
 - Scaling is what makes computer science ...
 - Efficient algorithms don't matter on lists of 100 or 1000
 - Named algorithms in 201 and other courses
 - bubble sort, selection sort, mergesort, quicksort, ...
 - See next slide and TimingSorts.py
- Basics of algorithm analysis: theory and practice
 - We can look at empirical results, would also like to be able to look at code and analyze mathematically! How does algorithm scale?

New sorting algorithms happen ...

- timsort is standard on...
 - Python as of version 2.3, Android, Java 7
 - According to <http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Timsort>
 - Adaptive, stable, natural mergesort with supernatural performance
- Mergesort? Fast and Stable
 - What does this mean?
 - Which is most important?
 - Nothing is faster, what does that mean?
 - Quicksort is faster, what does that mean?

TimingSorts.py

size	create	bubble	select	timsort
1000	0.026	0.127	0.081	0.002
2000	0.045	0.537	0.273	0.001
3000	0.058	1.126	0.646	0.002
4000	0.082	2.174	1.208	0.003
5000	0.101	3.521	1.862	0.003
6000	0.118	4.617	3.005	0.004
7000	0.168	7.504	4.237	0.005
8000	0.156	9.074	6.152	0.007
9000	0.184	11.611	8.089	0.007
10000	0.212	14.502	9.384	0.008

TimingSorts.py Questions

bit.ly/101f17-1207-3

Wrap up Sorting

- Some Ways to Compare sorts.
 - How many total swaps?
 - Is one faster for certain types of input?
 - Does the input matter

- Different ways to sort?
 - Over 50 sorting algorithms



- Sorting animations

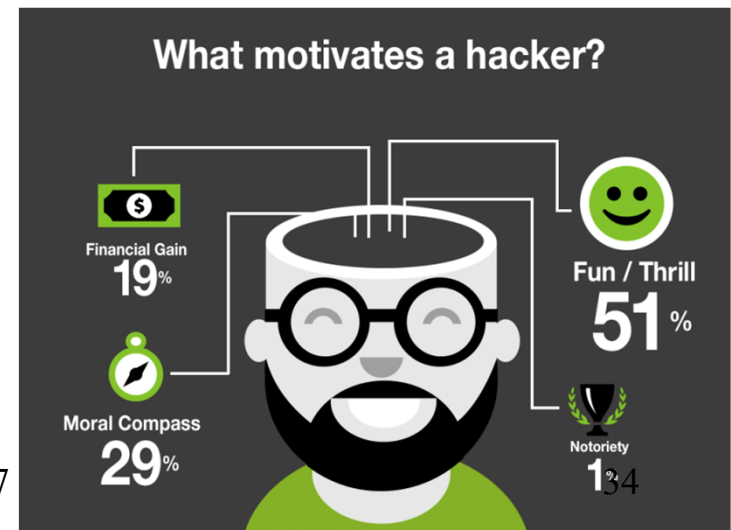
<http://www.sorting-algorithms.com/>

More on Sorting in CompSci 201

- Learn about this and other sorts in CompSci 201, also how to analyze them to determine which one works best.
- Python: Timsort
 - combines mergesort and insertion sort
- Shellsort
 - uses insertion sort on parts of the list repeatedly - those parts getting larger each time

Scraping email address from websites

- Suppose we want to send email to all Duke Faculty to let them know ...
 - Visit Departmental website, people, faculty
 - View (HTML) Source
 - Develop regex to access email – if possible!
- RegexScraper.py
 - Python makes this simple
 - Ethical hacking?



Math Website – Faculty on one page

The screenshot shows a web browser window displaying the Duke University Department of Mathematics website. The browser's address bar shows the URL <https://math.duke.edu/people/faculty>. The website's header includes the Duke University logo, the text "DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS", and navigation links for "About Us", "News", and "Computing". A search bar is also present. Below the header, a horizontal menu lists various sections: "Research", "Undergraduate", "Graduate", "Courses", "People", "Seminars & Events", and "Giving". The "People" section is currently selected.

On the left side of the "People" page, there is a vertical sidebar with the following links: "Faculty", "Visiting Faculty", "Emeriti", "All Faculty by Specialty", "Staff", "Graduate Students", "All (Alphabetical, by Rank)", and "Faculty Awards".

The main content area is titled "Faculty" and features two faculty profiles:

- Pankaj K. Agarwal**
Professor of Mathematics (primary appt: Computer Science)
Office: D214A Lev Sci Res Ctr, Durham, NC 27708
Phone: (919) 660-6540
[Website](#)
Computational and combinatorial geometry, computational biology, robotics, spatial databases, geographic molecular information systems, and data structures.
- Paul S. Aspinwall**
Professor of Mathematics (Joint with Physics)
Office: 244 Physics Bldg, Durham, NC 27708
Office Hours: 2:40 to 3:40pm on Tuesdays 1:30 to 2:30pm on Wednesdays
Phone: (919) 660-2874
psa@cctp.duke.edu
[Website](#)
String theory is hoped to provide a theory of all fundamental physics.

Below the "Faculty" section, there is a "Department Officers" section. It includes a "Chair" position held by **Jonathan C. Mattingly**. His contact information is listed as 297 Physics, (919) 660-6978.

Duke Biology Website A-Z pages

The screenshot shows a web browser window with multiple tabs. The active tab is titled "Faculty | BIOLO..." and shows the URL "https://biology.duke.edu/people/all-faculty/a". The browser's search bar contains "duke biology". The website header features the Duke University logo and the word "BIOLOGY". Navigation links include "About Us", "Contact Us", "Department Directory", and "IT Help". A search bar is also present. Below the header, a blue navigation bar contains links for "Research", "Undergraduate", "Graduate", "Courses", "People", "About Us", and "News, Events, Jobs". The main content area is titled "Faculty" and includes a sidebar with links for "All People", "All Faculty", "Graduate Faculty", "Graduate Students", "Postdocs", and "Department Staff". The "All Faculty" link is selected. Below the sidebar, there is a grid of letters for navigation: A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, J, K, L, M, N, O, P, Q, R, S, T, U, V, W, X, Y, Z. The letter "A" is highlighted. Below the grid, a profile for Susan C. Alberts is displayed, including a photo, her name, title, office address, campus box, phone, fax, email, and lab website. A link for "Full Profile »" is also present.

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All People
All Faculty
Graduate Faculty
Graduate Students
Postdocs
Department Staff

Faculty

A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U V
W X Y Z

 **Susan C. Alberts**
Robert F. Durden Professor of Biology
Office: 130 Science Drive, Rm 137, Duke Box 90338, Durham, NC 27708
Campus Box: 90338
Phone: (919) 660-7272
Fax: (919) 660-7293
alberts@duke.edu
Lab web site: <http://www.biology.duke.edu/albertslab>
[Full Profile »](#)

compsci 101 fall 2017

Daniela Armao

View page source of html

```
109
110 </div> </div>
111
112 <div class="view-content">
113 <div>
114
115 <div class="faculty-summary clearfix">
116 <div class="fac-portrait">
117 <a href="mailto:alberts@duke.
123 <strong>Web site: </strong><a target="blank" href="http://www.biology.du
124 .nt"> <a class="full-profile" href="/people/susan-c-alberts">Ful
125
126
127
128
129 </div>
130 </div>
131 </div>
132 <div>
133
134 <div class="faculty-summary clearfix">
135 <div class="fac-portrait">
136 
139 <h4 class="name"><a href="/people/daniele-armaleo">Daniele Armaleo</a></h4>
140 <h5>Associate Professor of the Practice of Biology</h5>
141 <p class="office"><strong>Office: </strong>0052 Bio Sci Bldg, Durham, NC 27708</p>
142 <p><strong>Campus Box: </strong>90338</p>
143 <p class="phone"><strong>Phone: </strong> (919) 660-7326</strong></p>
144 <p class="fax"><strong>Fax: </strong> (919) 660-7293</p>
145 <p class="email"><a href="mailto:darmaleo@duke.edu"><a href="mailto:darmaleo@duke.edu">darma
```

Scraping Biology faculty

- Pattern:
 - `r'mailto:(\w+[\.\w]*)@(\w+[\.\w+]*)'`
- URL
 - `https://biology.duke.edu/people/all-faculty/a`
- Matches (call 26 times with different URL)

```
...  
( 'emily.bernhardt', 'duke.edu' )  
( 'emily.bernhardt', 'duke.edu' )  
( 'bhandawat', 'gmail.com' )  
( 'bhandawat', 'gmail.com' )  
( 'jboynton66', 'gmail.com' )  
( 'jboynton66', 'gmail.com' )
```

Public Policy pages for A-Z

Office of the Uni...Amazon.com Sh...1206 - Google D...SelectionSort - G...A-Z Director...X+

←https://sanford.duke.edu/people-and-research/directory/a↻pub policy duke→☆📄↓🏠🔒☰

Google™ Custom Searchf🐦📷📺🌐

Duke | SANFORD
SCHOOL OF PUBLIC POLICY

Directory | Alumni & Donors | Employers & Partners | Contact Us

About UsAcademicsAdmissionsPeople & ResearchConnect

Home > A-Z Directory > A-Z Directory

A-Z Directory

A | B | C | D | E | F | G | H | I | J | K | L | M | N | O | P | Q | R | S | T | U | V | W | Y | Z

Name	Phone	Email
Abels, Jonathan Executive Director, Duke Center for International Development Duke Center for International Development	(919) 613-9230	jabels@duke.edu
Adair, Bill Knight Professor of the Practice of Journalism and Public Policy DeWitt Wallace Center for Media and Democracy	(919) 613-7348	bill.adair@duke.edu
Adler, Matthew D. Richard A. Horvitz Professor of Law	(919) 613-7172	adler@law.duke.edu

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Scraping Sanford/PubPol faculty

- Pattern:
 - `r ' (\w+ [. \w] *) @ (\w+ [. \w+] *) '`
- URL
 - <https://sanford.duke.edu/people.../>
- Matches (call 26 times with different URL)
 - ...
 - ('schanzer', 'duke.edu')
 - ('steveschewel', 'gmail.com')
 - ('michael.schoenfeld', 'duke.edu')
 - ('schroeder', 'law.duke.edu')

What is Computing? Informatics?

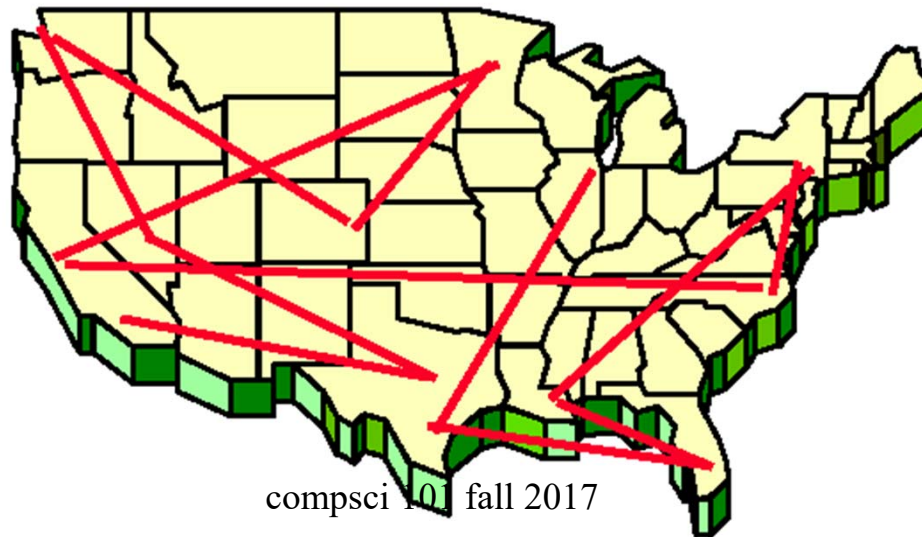
- What is computer science, what is its potential?
 - What can we do with computers in our lives?
 - What can we do with computing for society?
 - Will networks transform thinking/knowing/doing?
 - Society affecting and affected by computing?
 - Changes in science: biology, physics, chemistry, ...
 - Changes in humanity: access, revolution (?), ...
- Privileges and opportunities available if you know code
 - Writing and reading code, understanding algorithms
 - Majestic, magical, mathematical, mysterious, ...

Computing - solve all problems?

- Some problems can be solved 'efficiently'
 - Run large versions fast on modern computers
 - What is 'efficient'? It depends
- Some cannot be solved by computer.
 - Provable! We can't wait for smarter algorithms
- Some problems have no efficient solution
 - Provably exponential 2^n so for "small" n ...
- Some have no known efficient solution, but
 - If one does they all do!

Problem: Traveling Band

- Band wants you to schedule their concerts.
- They don't like to travel. Minimize the time they are on the bus!
- Given N cities, what is the best schedule (shortest distance) to visit all N cities once?



How do you calculate the best path?

- Try all paths
 - Atlanta, Raleigh, Dallas, Reno, Chicago
 - Dallas, Atlanta, Raleigh, Reno, Chicago
 - Etc.
- Would you agree to code this up?

Traveling Band questions

bit.ly/101f17-1207-4

How long?

Number of Cities	All paths – N!	Time to solve - 10 ⁹ Instructions per second
10	3 million	
15	10 ¹²	
18	10 ¹⁵	
20	10 ¹⁸	
25	10 ²⁵ compsci 101 fall 2017	46

How is Python like all other programming languages, how is it different?

A Rose by any other name...C or Java?

- Why do we use [Python | Java] in courses ?
 - [is | is not] Object oriented
 - Large collection of libraries
 - Safe for advanced programming and beginners
 - Harder to shoot ourselves in the foot
- Why don't we use C++ (or C)?
 - Standard libraries weak or non-existent (comparatively)
 - Easy to make mistakes when beginning
 - No GUIs, complicated compilation model
 - What about other languages?

Find all unique/different words
in a file, in sorted order

Unique Words in Python

```
def main():  
    f = open('/data/melville.txt', 'r')  
    words = f.read().strip().split()  
    allWords = set(words)  
  
    for word in sorted(allWords):  
        print word  
  
if __name__ == "__main__":  
    main()
```

Unique words in Java

```
import java.util.*;
import java.io.*;
public class Unique {
    public static void main(String[] args)
        throws IOException{
        Scanner scan =
            new Scanner(new File("/data/melville.txt"));
        TreeSet<String> set = new TreeSet<String>();
        while (scan.hasNext()){
            String str = scan.next();
            set.add(str);
        }
        for(String s : set){
            System.out.println(s);
        }
    }
}
```

Unique words in C++

```
#include <iostream>
#include <fstream>
#include <set>
using namespace std;

int main(){
    ifstream input("/data/melville.txt");
    set<string> unique;
    string word;
    while (input >> word){
        unique.insert(word);
    }
    set<string>::iterator it = unique.begin();
    for(; it != unique.end(); it++){
        cout << *it << endl;
    }
    return 0;
}
```


Unique words in PHP

```
<?php
```

```
$wholething = file_get_contents("file:///data/melville.txt");  
$wholething = trim($wholething);
```

```
$array = preg_split("/\s+/", $wholething);  
$uni = array_unique($array);  
sort($uni);  
foreach ($uni as $word){  
    echo $word."<br>";  
}
```

```
?>
```

End with A CS Story
bit.ly/101f17-1207-5