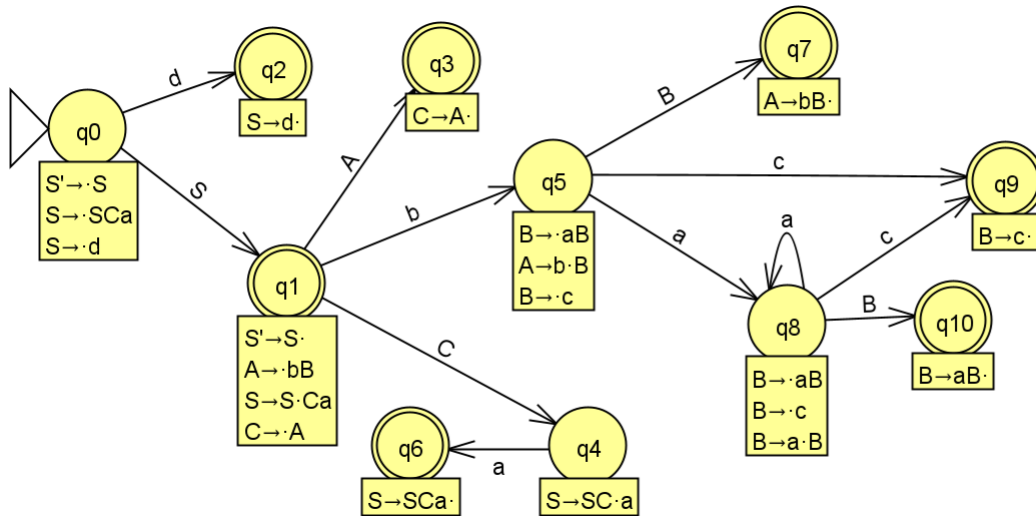


10 pts

1. Consider this grammar where a new start symbol has already been added, and the DFA with marked rules is shown for building the LR Parse table for this grammar.

$S' \rightarrow S$
 $S \rightarrow SCa \mid d$
 $A \rightarrow bB$
 $B \rightarrow aB \mid c$
 $C \rightarrow A$



- In processing some string, suppose you have reached the state q_3 . After processing the reduce operation $C \rightarrow A$ which possible state(s) could you be in? Give the path(s) that reached that state(s).
- In processing some string, suppose you have reached the state q_{10} . After processing the reduce operation $B \rightarrow aB$ which possible state(s) could you be in? Give the path(s) that reached that state(s).
- In processing some string, suppose you have reached the state q_6 . After processing the reduce operation $S \rightarrow SCa$ which possible state(s) could you be in? Give the path(s) that reached that state(s).

2. Construct the LR parsing table for the following grammar (DO NOT change the grammar.) A new start symbol S' and production have already been added to the grammar.

$$\begin{array}{lll}
 0) S' \rightarrow S & 1) S \rightarrow aSbA & 2) S \rightarrow c \\
 3) A \rightarrow Ac & 4) A \rightarrow \lambda &
 \end{array}$$

- (a) Calculate the FIRST and FOLLOW sets of variables.

	FIRST	FOLLOW
S		
A		

- (b) Construct the transition diagram of the DFA that models the stack. Number the states, show marked productions, and identify final states by two circles.

- (c) Construct the LR parse table that corresponds to the transition diagram drawn in part b. (Note: all the rows and columns given may not be needed. **If there are multiple items for an entry, write all in the entry.**)

0									
1									
2									
3									
4									
5									
6									
7									
8									
9									
10									