Friday, Mar. 30

- 1. How many bit strings of length n, where n is a positive integer, start and end with 1's?
- 2. A DNA sequence is a sequence of letters, each of which is one of A, C, G, or T. How many 5 element DNA sequences
 - (a) end with A?
 - (b) start with T and end with G?
 - (c) contain only A and T?
 - (d) do not contain C?
- 3. How many 4-element DNA sequences
 - (a) do not contain the base T?
 - (b) contain the sequence ACG?
 - (c) contain all four bases A, T, C, and G?
 - (d) contain exactly three of the four bases, A, T, C, and G?
- 4. How many bit strings of length 10 contain either five consecutive 0's or five consecutive 1's?
- 5. In how many ways can a set of two positive integers less than 100 be chosen?
- 6. A coin is flipped eight times where each flip comes up either heads or tails. How many possible outcomes
 - (a) are there in total?

- (b) contain exactly three heads?
- (c) contain at least three heads?
- (d) contain the same number of heads and tails?
- 7. How many strings of six lowercase letters from the alphabet a z contain
 - (a) the letter a?
 - (b) the letters a and b?
 - (c) the letters a and b in consecutive positions with a preceeding b, with all the letters distinct?
 - (d) the letters a and b, with a somewhere to the left of b in the string, with all the letters distinct?
- 8. How many ways are there to select 12 countries in the United Nations to serve on a council if 3 are selected from a block of 45, 4 are selected from a block of 57, and the others are selected from the remaining 69 countries?
- 9. What is the coefficient of x^8y^9 in the expansion of $(3x + 2y)^{17}$?
- 10. Show that if n is a positive integer, then $\binom{2n}{2} = 2\binom{n}{2} + n^2$
 - (a) using a combinatorial argument.
 - (b) by algebraic manipulation.