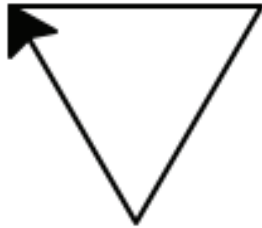


Compsci 101

Turtle, Bagels, Loop Tracing, Files

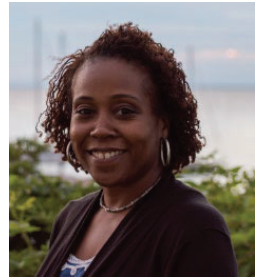
Live Lecture

Susan Rodger
Nicki Washington
February 23, 2021



Ayanna Howard

- Educator, Researcher and Innovator
- Professor & Chair of the School of Interactive Computing, Georgia Tech
- Now Dean of Engineering at The Ohio State University!
- Robotics – Robots and Bias, Robots changing lives of children with disabilities, Robots beyond part of the family
- Top 50 U.S. Women in Tech, Forbes, 2018



I believe that every engineer has a responsibility to make the world a better place. We are gifted with an amazing power to take people's wishes and make them a reality.



Announcements

- APT-2 due tonight!
 - Remember you get 24-hour grace period, can't turn in after that!
- APT-3 out today – due 3/2
- Assignment 2 Turtles out – due 3/4
- Lab 4 Friday – No Prelab

APT Quiz 1 coming...

- APT Quiz 1 is 3/5-3/8
- Open around 8am 3/5
- There are two parts
- Pick a start time for each part,
 - Once you start a part, You have 1.5 hours
 - If you get accommodations, you get those
- 4 APTs to solve (2 in each part)
- Will put up problems from an old APT Quiz so you can practice

WOTO-1 – Turtles Simple

<http://bit.ly/101s21-0223-1>

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WOTO-2: Let's draw a triangle!

<http://bit.ly/101s21-0223-2>

- Equilateral triangle
 - Corner degrees: 60
 - Side length: 100

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Bagels (Accumulation)

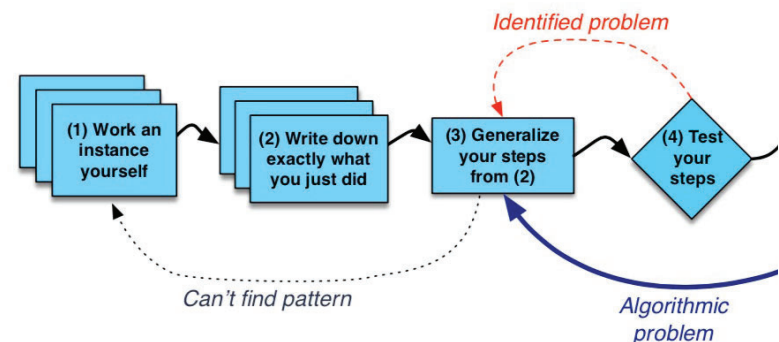
2/23/21

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APT Bagels

- How figure out how many bagels needed?
 - 7-steps!



2/23/21

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APT: Bagel Counting

Problem Statement

You are in charge of web-based orders for your neighborhood bagel store, *The Bagel Byte*. Each evening you must total the orders to be picked up the next day. Some orders are simply for N bagels, but each order of a dozen or more bagels is topped off with an extra bagel, the so-called "baker's dozen". This means, for example, that an order for 25 bagels actually requires 27 bagels to fulfill since there are two extra bagels needed for each dozen in the order. An order for 11 bagels doesn't require any extra since it's for less than a dozen.

Given a list of integers representing bagel orders determine the number of bagels needed to fulfill all the orders.

Class

```
filename: Bagels.py

def bagelCount(orders) :
    """
    return number of bagels needed to fulfill
    the orders in integer list parameter orders
    """

    # you write code here
```

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Examples

Examples

1. `orders = [1,3,5,7]`

Returns: 16

No order is for more than a dozen, return the total of all orders.

2.

`orders = [11,22,33,44,55]`

Returns: 175 since $11 + (22+1) + (33+2) + (44+3) + (55+4) = 175$

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Step 1 and 2

- Step 1: Solve an instance (think)
 - `orders = [11, 3, 24, 17]`

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WOTO-3 Step 3: Generalize <http://bit.ly/101s21-0223-3>

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Code-Tracing a Loop

1. Find the changing variables/expressions
2. Create table, columns are variables/expressions
 1. First column is loop variable
 2. Add columns to help track everything else
3. Each row is an iteration of the loop
 1. *Before* execute code block, copy down each variable's value
 2. Execute code block, update a value in the row as it changes

WOTO-4 Loop Tracing

<http://bit.ly/101s21-0223-4>

- Remember the steps
- (1) Find the changing variable/expressions,
- (2) Create the table with these as the column
- (3) Each row is an iteration of the loop